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**YEAR: 10**

**SUBJECT: Science**

**Evolution**

**GENERAL Pathway**

**Please do not mark this paper.**

**Year 10 Evolution**

**Part A: Multiple Choice (10 marks)**

**Record answers in the answer booklet provided.**

1. **The dog breeds we have today were developed through**
2. Natural Selection
3. Sexual Selection
4. Artificial Selection
5. Acquired Selection
6. **Characteristics of an organism that have the same basic structure are**
7. Mutation
8. Adaptations
9. Homologous
10. Variations
11. **What was the name of the ship that took Charles Darwin around the world?**

a) HMS Bagel

b) HMS Beagle

c) HMS Wiggle

d) HMW Weevil

1. **Choose the correct term for the following definition. “Genetic change in the characteristics of a species over many generations, resulting in the formation of new species.”**
2. Natural Selection
3. Evolution
4. Adaptation
5. Mutation
6. **Which of the following is usually an outcome (result) of natural selection?**
7. A species slowly becomes better adapted to its environment.
8. Variations will appear in the offspring (babies).
9. Mutations slowly disappear over time, because they are harmful.
10. A species slowly becomes less adapted to its environment.
11. **According to Darwin’s theory of natural selection, individuals who survive are the ones best adapted for their environment. Their survival is due to the?**
    1. Possession of inherited adaptations that maximise fitness.
    2. Competing with other species
    3. Mutation
    4. Being the strongest and fastest
12. **A population of bacteria is treated with hand sanitizer. Because of genetic variation in the population, what is a possible outcome?**
    1. The population will grow quickly.
    2. All of the bacteria are already resistant.
    3. They will get better at obtaining a food source.
    4. Some may be resistant and survive.

**8. The number and range of different species that exist on Earth is referred to as:**

* 1. heterozygous
  2. genotype
  3. biodiversity WEEK 4 Content-Not assessed….
  4. mutation

**9. Which of the following is not required for speciation to occur?**

1. Environmental resistance.
2. Variation.
3. Genetic isolation.
4. Selection pressure.

**10. Charles Darwin was famous for**

1. defining the term evolution.
2. suggesting natural selection was the mechanism of evolution.
3. writing a book called ‘The Origin of Species’ that showed how natural selection resulted from evolution.
4. inventing the term artificial selection and proposing that it caused evolution.

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**Biology 1 & 2 Test   
 GENERAL Pathway**

**ANSWER BOOKLET**

**NAME:**

**FORM: DATE:**

**ASSESSMENT KEY**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **I CAN STATEMENTS** | **QUESTIONS** |
| **MUST**  Explains the influences of competition and variationon natural selection. | 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 22 |
| **SHOULD**  Explains evolution in a population, describing the influences of variation which support survival and lead to natural selection. | 4, 6, 7, 14, 16, 17, 18, 21, 22 |
| **The General pathway is structured to assist students to achieve a C grade in Year 10 and is intended to promote engagement and future aspirations for employment.**  **The Australian curriculum is covered, but the maximum grade attainable is a B grade in this pathway.** | |

**Multiple Choice Short Answer Total**

**/47**

**/21**

**/10**

**SECTION ONE: Multiple choice answers**

**Cross (X) through the correct answer.**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **1** | **a** | **b** | **c** | **d** |
| **2** | **a** | **b** | **c** | **d** |
| **3** | **a** | **b** | **c** | **d** |
| **4** | **a** | **b** | **c** | **d** |
| **5** | **a** | **b** | **c** | **d** |
| **6** | **a** | **b** | **c** | **d** |
| **7** | **a** | **b** | **c** | **d** |
| **8** | **a** | **b** | **c** | **d** |
| **9** | **a** | **b** | **c** | **d** |
| **10** | **a** | **b** | **c** | **d** |

**Part B: Short Answer (32 marks)**

1. List **two** of the five fields of science discussed in class and why/how they provide evidence for

evolution. (4 marks)

2. 12.
3. Match the vocabulary word with the proper definition. (3 marks)

**Terms**

Artificial selection Evolution Wallace Natural selection Darwin Fitness

**Definitions**

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Change in species over time.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ One of the first scientists to propose that species change over time.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Developed a theory of evolution at the same time as Darwin.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ An organism’s relative ability to survive and produce fertile offspring.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ The process by which evolution occurs.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Selecting for plants and animals with useful traits.

1. Galapagos finches (birds) live on several different islands. Birds from different islands appear different and are known as separate species. It has been proven that all the birds from all the islands originated from the same species.

**Describe** the process of speciation. (What steps are involved?) (3 marks)

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4. **Explain** why variation is necessary **before** natural selection can occur. (2 marks)

*In order for natural selection to work, why can’t all the individuals in a population look the same?*

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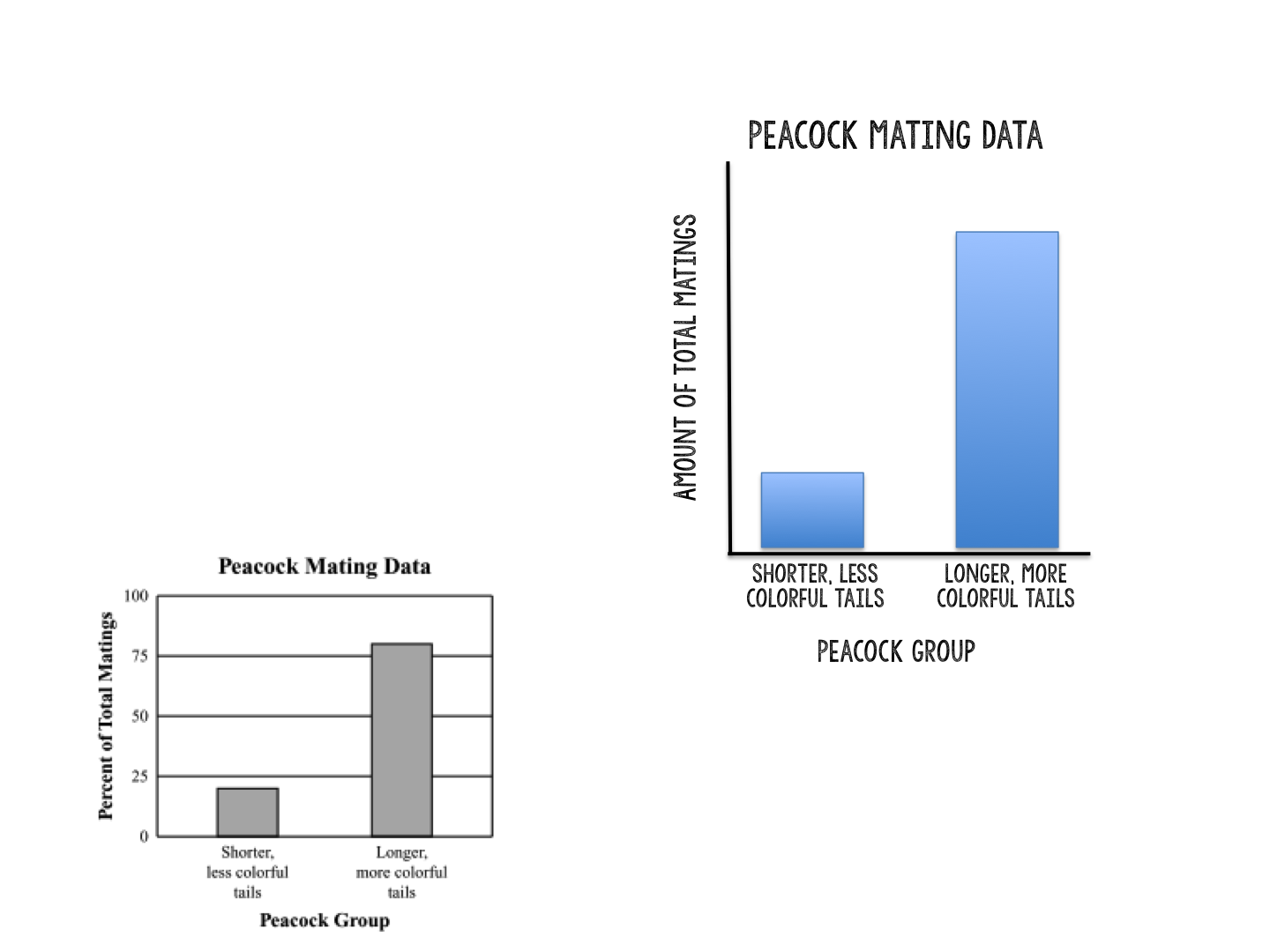
2. In the peppered moth population in England, which came first, the gene controlling dark colour, or the darkening of the environment through pollution? Explain. (2 marks)

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1. How did the Industrial Revolution affect the peppered moth population? (2 marks)

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1. Male peafowl, called peacocks, have long, colourful tail feathers. Among peacocks there is variation in the size, brightness, and pattern of the tail. Scientists observed the mating success of two groups of peacocks. The graph below shows the scientists’ data.



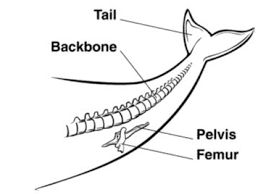
* 1. **Explain** what the graph shows about the advantage of longer, more colourful tails for peacocks. (1 mark)

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* 1. Identify **one** disadvantage that longer, more colourful tails may have for peacock.

(1 mark)

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1. In the diagram, there are pelvis and femur (leg) bones in a whale.

Describe how this is evidence for evolution (3 marks)

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